

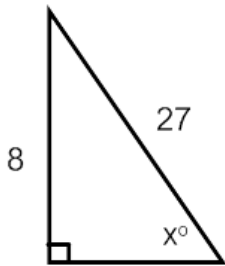
Warm-Up: Determine the value of angle X, to the nearest degree.

$$\square\square\square\square = \frac{11}{27}$$

Recall: Steps for Solving for an Unknown **Angle**

1. Identify your reference angle
2. Label your triangle using the reference angle
3. Decide what ratio to use (using the Have, Need, Use method)
4. Inverse function (\sin^{-1} , \cos^{-1} , \tan^{-1})
5. Conclude

Example 1: For the following triangles, identify the trig ratio to use, write the equation and solve it to one decimal place using \sin^{-1} \cos^{-1} \tan^{-1} the inverse trig buttons on your calculator.



a)

Have:

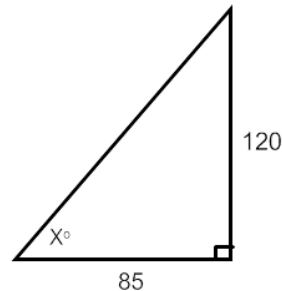
Have:

Need:

Need:

Use:

Use:



b)

Example 2: The Canadian Standards Association states that the angle between a ladder and the ground must be between 70 and 80 for safety. A 12m ladder is leaning against a building so that it reaches a height of 11.5m. Is this ladder positioned safely according to the Canadian Standards Association? Explain. (put the solution on the back of this paper)