

MFM2PI: Unit 1 - Linear Equations
Day 1 - Integers and Order of Operations
Integer Operations

Example 1: Find each sum: (sum is the answer when you add)
a) $5+(-2)$
b) $3+(-7)$
c) $-7+(-6)$
d) $-4+10$

Example 2: Find each difference: (difference is the answer when you subtract)
a) $15-6$
b) - 7 - 2
c) $8-(-8)$
d) $-2-(-11)$
e) $-7-(-3)-6$

Example 3: Find each product: (product is the answer when you multiply)
a) $(-5)(3)$
b) $6(-7)$
c) $(-8)(-4)$
d) $(-7)(-3)(-5)$

Example 4: Find each quotient: (quotient is the answer when you divide)
a) $(-24) \div 6$
b) $(-60) \div(-12)$
c) $26 \div 2$

A fun tool to help us remember how to multiply/divide positive and negative integers! Good Guy/Bad Guy

## Order of Operations

| Good Guy/ <br> Bad Guy | In Town/ <br> Out of Town | Results |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

We need to follow the order
of operations when we are calculating expressions.
B
E
D
M
A $\quad \mathbf{S}$

Example 5 Simplify
a) $5+27 \div(-9)$
b) $1 / 2(8+12) \div 5$
c) $(8-3)+(1-6)$
d) $(4)(-1)+(7-2)$
e) $3(-2+4)^{3}-2(-4+1)$
f) $-4(-2)^{3}-3(-4)^{2}$

To evaluate expressions when specific values are given for the variable:

- Substitute in the value for the variable (always put in brackets)
- Solve using order of operations

Ex. 2 Evaluate each of the following:
a) $x y-9$ when $x=2, y=0$
b) $13 p-7 q$ when $p=2, q=-3$

Homework: Handouts "Why did the Quiz Show..." And D"Why Should You Look Out..."

