A cylinder is

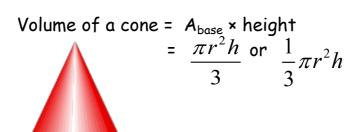
a three dimensional solid with identical parallel circular bases. The lateral surface is curved and extends from one base to the other base.

The volume of a cylinder is the same as a prism:

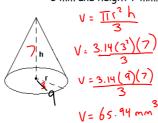
$$V = A_{base} \times height$$

or $V = \pi r^2 h$

Similar to the relationship between the pyramid and the prism, the volume of a cone is one third the volume of a cylinder with the same radius and height.



Example 1: Calculate the volume of a cone with radius 3 mm and height 7 mm.



Example 2:

a) If the height of a cone is tripled, does this triple the volume? Explain.

V=3.14(3²)(21)

= 197.82

/es became we notifyly by 3

b) If the radius of a cone is tripled, does this triple the volume? Explain.

$$V = \frac{3.14(9^{1})(7)}{3}$$
 $16 - 593.46 \text{ mm}^{3}$

No because we changed the number with the exponent which changes the anguer deartically

Example 3: A grain bin has a radius of 12 ft and a height of 48 ft. How much grain will the farmer need to order to fill the bin? (Note: 1 kg of feed fills 1 fr of space. Also, assume grain (oats) is ordered in tonnes (1 metric ton = 1000kg).)

(Note: the height of the cone portion is 18 ft.)



Cylinder $V = \pi c^{2} h$ $V = 3.14 (12^{2})(30)$ V = 3.14 (14)(30) $V = 13,564.8 \text{ Ft}^{3}$

CORE
$$V = \frac{\pi i^{2} h}{3}$$

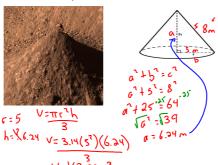
$$V = \frac{3.14(12)^{3}(18)}{3}$$

$$V = 2712.96 \, ft^{3}$$

Total volume = Vof cylinder + Vof come = 13,564.8 + 2712.96 = 16,277.76 ft³ = 16,277.76 kg = 16.3 tons

> : 17 tons would be needed to fill the grain bin

Example 4: A conical pile of sand has a base diameter of 10 m and a slant height of 8 m. Determine the volume of the sand in the pile, to the nearest cubic metre.



Example 5: A fountain firework is packaged in a conical container. Its volume is 210 cm³. Its diameter is 8 cm. What is the height of the fountain firework, to the nearest tenth of a centimeter?

